ORDERED that Defendants Velez Capital Management LLC ("VCM"), Oliver Velez, Paul Lange, SaulOrtiz-Stevens, and Stephen Cina are:

- 1. Temporarily enjoined and will immediate cease and desist from using materials obtained from PCH, including but not limited to materials taken from "The Pristine Method®" manual, and from using the "Trade for Life" manual, including any excerpts or materials therefrom at the San Diego Traders Expo during the period June 20, 21, 22, and 23, 2007;
- 2. Temporarily enjoined and will immediately Cease and Desist from copying and plagiarizing Plaintiffs' copyrighted and trademarked material, and registered service marks, including but not limited to The Pristine Method®;
- 3. Temporarily enjoined and will immediately Cease and Desist from copying and plagiarizing materials copyrighted and trademarked by Plaintiffs and presenting them to the public as "Trade for Life" by Velez Capital Management;
- 4. Temporarily enjoined and will immediately Cease and Desist from hiring Plaintiff's employees in breach of their employment agreements with PCH;
- 5. Temporarily enjoined and will immediately Cease and Desist from breaching the employment agreements of Defendants Paul Lange, Saul Ortiz-Stevens, and Stephen Cina, which contain restrictive covenants at Paragraphs "3", "4", "5", and "6" forbidding the Defendants from competing with Plaintiff for one year after their employment terminates with PCH; from soliciting Plaintiff's customers or employees for one year after their employment terminates with PCH; and from ever disclosing the Confidential Information of PCH;
- 6.. Temporarily enjoined and will immediately Cease and Desist from presenting to current and future customers "The Pristine Method®" and other registered and trademarked materials;
- 7. To immediately provide an accounting of all revenues of VCM to date, broken down by product category;
- 8. To immediately disgorge all salaries and profits paid since the inception of VCM, and all defendants to return all PCH materials removed during the period of Defendants' employment,

and to identify and/or erase and return as applicable, all electronic records taken from PCH during the period of Defendants' employment;

- 9. Temporarily enjoined and will immediately cease and desist from interfering with the business relationship between PCH and Traders Library, and from directing Traders Library not to withhold the publishing and distribute for sale of any PCH materials;
- 10. That a true copy of the within Order to Show Cause, together with the supporting papers upon which it is made and the Complaint, shall be served via facsimile, overnight mail or hand delivery within 24 business hours, and that said service shall constitute due and proper service under our Court Rules and Statutes;
- 11. That Defendants shall serve and file responsive papers to the within Order to Show Cause upon Plaintiffs' counsel and each other no later than June , 2007;
- 12. That Plaintiffs shall serve and file any and all additional documents and certifications in support of the within application no later than _____ days before said return date;
- 13. That Plaintiffs be permitted limited expedited discovery With responses from Defendants to written discovery requests within seven days of receipt thereof;
- 14. That defendant be ordered to appear for depositions within ten days from the date of service of notices thereof; and
- 15. That Plaintiff be permitted limited third-party discovery of the common publisher of PCH and VCM publications, "Traders Library".

That Defendants show cause before the Hon. ..., United States

District Court for the Southern District of New York, 500 Pearl Street, New York, New

York on the day of June, 200 at __:00 o'clock in the forenoon or as soon thereafter
as counsel may be heard why an order should not be entered:

1. Directing all Defendants not to use materials obtained from PCH, including but not limited to materials taken from "The Pristine Method[®]" manual, and from using the "Trade for Life" manual, including any excerpts or materials therefrom, at the San

Diego Traders Expo during the period June 20, 21, 22, and 23, 2007:

- 2. Directing all Defendants to immediately Cease and Desist from copying and plagiarizing Plaintiffs' copyrighted and trademarked material, and registered service marks, including but not limited to The Pristine Method®;
- 3. Directing all Defendants to immediately Cease and Desist from copying and plagiarizing materials copyrighted and trademarked by Plaintiffs and presenting them to the public as "Trade for Life" by Velez Capital Management;
- 4. Directing all Defendants to immediately Cease and Desist from hiring Plaintiffs' employees in breach of their employment agreements with PCH;
- 5. Directing all Defendants to immediately Cease and Desist from breaching the employment agreements of Defendants Paul Lange, Saul Ortiz-Stevens, and Stephen Cina, which contain restrictive covenants at Paragraphs "3", "4", "5", and "6" forbidding the Defendants from competing with Plaintiff for one year after their employment terminates with PCH; from soliciting Plaintiff's customers or employees for one year after their employment terminates with PCH; and from ever disclosing the Confidential Information of PCH.
- Directing all Defendants to immediately Cease and Desist from presenting to current and future customers "The Pristine Method®" and other registered and trademarked materials;
- Directing Velez and VCM to provide an accounting of all 7. revenues of VCM to date, broken down by product category;
- Directing Velez and VCM to disgorge all salaries and 8. profits, and all defendants to return all PCH materials removed during the period of Defendants' employment, and to identify and erase and/or return as applicable, all electronic records taken from PCH during the period of Defendants' employment;.
- 9. Directing Velez and VCM ease and desist from interfering with the business relati ip between PCH and Traders Library, and from directing Traders Library not to withhold the publishing and distribute for sale of any PCH materials.

- 10. That a true copy of the within Order to Show Cause, together with the supporting papers upon which it is made and the Complaint, shall be served via facsimile, overnight mail or hand delivery within 24 business hours, and that said service shall constitute due and proper service under our Court Rules and Statutes.
- That Defendants shall serve and file responsive papers to 11. the within Order to Show Cause upon Plaintiffs' counsel and each , 2007, and other no later than June
- That Plaintiffs shall serve and file any and all additional documents and certifications in support of the within application no later than days before said return date.
- That Plaintiffs be permitted limited expedited discovery 13. with responses from Defendants to written discovery requests within seven days of receipt thereof;
- 14. That defendant be ordered to appear for depositions within ten days from the date of service of notices thereof; and
- That Plaintiff be permitted limited third-party discovery of 15. the common publisher of PCH and VCM publications, "Traders Library".

ORDERED, that plaintiff is guaranteed leave to conduct and serve expedited discovery, including, but not limited, Request for Production of Documents, Interrogatories, and the depositions of Defendants Oliver Velez, Paul Lange, Saul Ortiz-Stevens, and Stephen Cina., prior to the return date of this Order to Show Cause. Any such document request, interrogatories and deposition requests shall be on three (3) days notice; and it is further

ORDERED, that plaintiff is granted leave to conduct and serve expedited discovery, including, but not limited to, Request for Production of Documents, Interrogatories, and the depositions of all defendants and employee of VCM prior to the return date of this Order to Show Cause. Any such document request, interrogatories and deposition requests shall be on three (3) days notice; and it is further

ORDERED, that defendants shall serve and file their Answer to the Verified Complaint upon attorneys for plaintiff, Dan A. Druz, 291 E. Main St., Suite 1000, Manasquan, NJ 08736, within twenty (20) days from the date of service of the Verified Complaint and that if defendants shall fail to so file and serve their Answer, judgment by default will be rendered against them for the relief demanded in the Verified Complaint; and it is further

ORDERED, that de	fendants' answering briefs, affidavits and/or certifications	; in
opposition to plaintiff's Ord	er to Show why a preliminary injunction should not issue,	,
shall be served by	upon plaintiff's counsel, on or before	
, 2007	; and it is further	
ORDERED, that pla	uintiff's reply brief, affidavits and/or certifications, if any,	
shall be served upon defend	ants and the Court no later than.on	
	2007; and it is further	
ORDERED, that co	pies of this Order and Plaintiff's Memorandum of Law in	
Support of Its Application for	or Injunctive Relief and for Expedited Discovery shall be	
served upon defendants by o	vernight mail.	
	IISDI	



55 Church St. Suite 207 White Plains, NY 10601

Tel: (914) 684-0600 Fax: (914) 684-0304 www.Lilling.com E-Mail: Bruce@Lilling.com Sean@Lilling.com

June 19, 2007

VIA FACSIMILE 212 805 6390 Hon. William H. Pauley III, USDJ **US** Courthouse United States District Court for Southern District of New York 500 Pearl Street New York, NY

Re:

Pristine Capital Holdings, Inc. v. Velez Capital Management LLC et al Docket No 07 cv 5720

Dear Hon. Judge Pauley.

In preparation for today's conference at 5 pm, concerning Plaintiff's request for a TRO, we wish to present these brief preliminary points for the court's consideration. At this juncture we are appearing on behalf of only the Defendants Velez Capital Management LLC and Oliver Velez. As best as we are informed, the other 3 individual defendants have not yet been served.

There is no jurisdiction and, therefore, the case in its entirety should be dismissed and attorneys' fees should be awarded.

Paragraph 40 is the only portion of the Complaint that purports to set forth a federal claim, but this paragraph is vague and does not set forth a prima facia case of any violation of any federal right.

While Plaintiff seems to allege that it owns the trademark The Pristine Method, it does not anywhere allege that Defendants have used or even intend to use this or any of Plaintiff's other marks. In fact, Exhibit 4 to the Affidavit of Ronald Wagner shows that Defendant is using the mark "Trade for LifeTM" and the corporate name Velez Capital Management, LLC appears thereon. (In point of fact Defendant has never used the mark The Pristine Method and has no intension to ever do so.)

By statute to make out a claim for trademark infringement the accused defendant must "use in commerce any reproduction, counterfeit, copy, or colorable imitation of a registered mark in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising of any goods or services on or in connection with which such use is likely to cause confusion, or to cause mistake, or to deceive," 15 USCA 1114(1)(a), but Plaintiff never alleges any "use" by Defendants and in fact its own exhibits show that

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there is no such use! See Shiraz University School of Medicine Alumni Association USA, Inc. v. Sheik, 1999 WL 558139, *4 (S.D.N.Y.)

If this was not enough to throw out the claim, contrary to Plaintiff's counsel Dan Druz' affidavit, the trademark registrations are not owned by Plaintiff. As reflected by the copies provided by Plaintiff's counsel (exhibit 1 to his Affidavit), they are instead owned by Pristine Capital Management, Inc, which is an inactive company (according to the records of the New York State Department of State – Division of Corporations), which is not a party to this action. Moreover, the PTO does not show any assignments of any of the referenced trademarks to Plaintiff or to anyone else. They remain owned by an inactive, defunct company, that is not a party hereto.

Thus, as regards a purported trademark claim, there is an utter failure to even state a claim upon which relief can be granted, since there is not even an allegation of any infringing acts and the Plaintiff does not even own the trademarks!

Plaintiff's intent in Paragraph 40 seems to be for protection of some mostly un-identified materials – it there states "... The resources and methods are all subject to registered service, trademarks and copyrights. VCM and Velez, through repeated reference, and by cloning TPM® for his own use ..."

As best as can be understood, it seems that Plaintiff is alleging "copying" and "infringement" of the The Pristine Method manual and some other un-identified works. Nowhere, however, is there any reference to any certificate of copyright registration. (Moreover, today we electronically searched the records of the US Copyright Office, and there are no listings at all for Pristine Capital.) The law requires, however, as a perquisite of jurisdiction, that a copyright first be registered before there may be any complaint for copyright infringement. 17 USC 411. *Lapham v. Porach*, 2007 WL 1224924, *4 (SDNY). Further, this court has recognized that a copyright infringement claim is deficient if the copyright certificate from the Copyright Office is not attached to the Complaint. *Vargas v. Pfizer, Inc.*, 418 F. Supp 2d 369, 373 (S.D.N.Y. 2005)

In addition, the Copyright law preempts any other statute or law with respect to works that could be protected under the Copyright law. 17 USC 301. Lapham v. Porach, 2007 WL 1224924, *13 (SDNY). Common law copyright has not existed for over 30 years. Thus state claims can be preempted if they involve rights similar to those in the Copyright law, like for example the herein causes of action

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for conversion and unfair competition. See Briarpatch Limited, L.P. v. Phoenix Pictures, Inc., 373 F. 3d 296, 305-6 (2d Cir. 2005). Integrative Nutrition, Inc. v. Academy Of Healing Nutrition, 476 F. Supp. 291, 295-6 (S.D.N.Y. 2007)

Accordingly, there are no viable claims for infringement of any name or trademark and likewise no viable claim for copying or infringement of any manuals or printed materials and no claim for copyright infringement. Therefore, there is no claim for trademark or copyright infringement and hence no viable federal claim over which the court has jurisdiction.

The Second through Seventh causes of action are all state claims, but the federal court has no jurisdiction over state claims between residents of the same state unless they are included in an action involving viable federal claims over which the federal court has jurisdiction. *Milano v. The New York City Taxi And Limousine Commission*, 2007 WL 959295, *2 (S.D.N.Y.). Here there are no extent federal claims, so the "... Second Circuit has observed ... in the usual case in which all federal- law claims are eliminated ... the balance of factors ... point toward declining to exercise jurisdiction over the remaining state-law claims..." *Id*.

Moreover, as regards the individual defendants Paul Lange, Saul Ortiz-Stevens and Stephen Cina no federal claims are asserted and only state claims are asserted, so, as regards them, there does not appear to be any federal jurisdiction what so ever.

Hence, the court likewise has no jurisdiction to hear the state causes of action either.

Since the Plaintiff and its attorney have not properly asserted a viable federal claim over which the court has jurisdiction, have sloppily ignored the facts and their own exhibits and have failed to do even a minimal level of research to determine how to assert a viable claim, and have improperly burdened the court and defendants with an unnecessary and legally insufficient request for a TRO, Plaintiff should be ordered to reimburse Defendants for all of their attorneys fees incurred from June 15, 2007 through today's hearing.

Very truly yours

Bruce E. Lilling

Cc: Plaintiff's counsel Dan R. Druz via facsimile 732 223 1592

Defendants Velez Capital Management LLC and Oliver Velez

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      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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      PRISTINE CAPITAL HOLDINGS,
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      INC.,
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                      Plaintiff,
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 5
                                                07 CV 5720 (WHP)
 6
 6
      VELEZ CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, LLC,
 7
      et al.,
 7
                      Defendants.
 8
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                                                June 19, 2007
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                                                5:30 p.m.
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      Before:
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                         HON. WILLIAM H. PAULEY III,
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13
                                                District Judge
14
14
                                 APPEARANCES
15
15
      DAN A. DRUZ
16
           Attorney for Plaintiff
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      LILLING & LILLING PLLC
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18
           Attorneys for Defendants
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      BY: BRUCE E. LILLING
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               THE COURT: Good afternoon. Please be seated.
               (Case called)
 3
               THE DEPUTY CLERK: Would counsel for the plaintiff
 4
      please state his appearance for the record.
               MR. DRUZ: Yes. Good evening, your Honor. I'm Dan
 6
      Druz. I'm an attorney who is a member of the Bar of this
 7
      Court, and my office is located in Manasquan, New Jersey. How
      are you, your Honor?
               THE COURT: Fine. Good afternoon, Mr. Druz.
               THE DEPUTY CLERK: Counsel for the defendant?
10
               MR. LILLING: Yes, your Honor. Bruce Lilling from
11
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12
      Lilling & Lilling PLLC, and sitting to my right is Oliver
13
      Velez. He's the principal of the corporate defendant, and he's
14
      also named as an individual defendant. And the other two
      people here are law students who are interning at our office
15
16
      this summer, and they're here to see how the federal court
17
              So I hope that that presents no difficulty for you.
18
               THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon, Mr. Lilling.
19
      I hope that we can show them that we're functioning on all
20
      cylinders.
21
               All right, Mr. Druz, you have an application for a
22
      temporary restraining order. Have all the defendants been
23
24
               MR. DRUZ: Your Honor, the three defendant employees
25
      or employee defendants, as I refer to them in the complaint,
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I'm not certain if proper service has been made. One, there was an attorney involved for a Florida resident and he's not indicated to me whether whether or not he would be representing him in this matter, and I haven't heard from the other two So I can't tell you that they have been, with certainty.

THE COURT: All right. Tell me why it is you believe you're entitled to emergency relief.

MR. DRUZ: Sure. Your Honor, let me cut right to it. I know you've had a long day. And if you look at exhibit seven, which was annexed to the declaration of Anthony S. Nunez, there's three declarations, and I numbered the exhibits sequentially, even though they're with different declarants. The one in particular that I'm looking at is a Mr. Nunez's declaration, and attached to it is an advertisement or promotional material for a seminar that was held. It was held a couple weeks ago by Mr. Velez and VCM Capital. And that promotional material is really the nub of our case, at least our application for the temporary restraining order, because it's rife with misinformation that all leads back to Pristine Capital Holdings, my client. Pristine holds many trademarks, but most of them are Pristine, Pristine.com, Pristine, the Pristine Method, there's a whole series of them. THE COURT: Does your client own the mark, The Pristine Method?

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MR. DRUZ: Well, I was surprised -- I saw the defendant's response at 3:30 today, and I was surprised to see his challenge. And I checked back with my headquarters. I wasn't able to get ahold of Pal Goldstein, the Washington firm that handles the filings, but I was assured that yes, in fact, Pristine Capital Holdings does own Pristine Capital Management, which is listed on the particular documents related to the service marks, and that all of the appropriate notices have been filed with the trademark office. I can't tell you any more than that because I couldn't get the attorney from Pal Goldstein on the phone. I could only tell you what I was told by my client. But yes, Pristine Capital Holdings -- Pristine Capital Management was the predecessor firm to Pristine Capital

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      Holdings, and they purchased the records.
15
                (Continued on next page)
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      76JFPRIC
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               THE COURT: Is there any evidentiary support here in
 2
      the papers before me for this chain of corporate ownership?
 3
               MR. DRUZ: No, your Honor, there is not. There is
      not. I was surprised at the challenge. I had -- Mr. Velez is
      here today. I don't have them, but Mr. Velez is here today.
      think he would be surprised as well there would be any
 7
      challenge to Pristine Capital being the rightful owner of these
 8
      service marks.
 9
               Should I continue?
10
               THE COURT: Yes.
11
               MR. DRUZ: Okay, thank you. So Pristine is a
      registered mark, Pristine, the Pristine Method is a registered
12
13
      mark and if you look at page 2 of the exhibit, I believe your
14
      law clerk has given to you, it's a two-column page.
15
               THE COURT: Which exhibit is it?
16
               MR. DRUZ: This is Exhibit 7 annexed to Anthony
      Nunez's declaration, Anthony Nunez being executive of the
17
18
      company. And the first page you see would be -- do you have
19
      this on the first page?
20
               THE COURT: I have something that looks like it was
21
      Exhibit 7, but then it was made into an 8, and it's a one-page
22
      e-mail.
23
               MR. DRUZ: That is not the exhibit that I'm
24
      referencing. The exhibit I'm referencing is Exhibit 7 attached
25
      to Anthony Nunez's declaration. You're looking at one of the
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      exhibits attached to my own declaration.
               THE COURT: All right. I've got the Nunez declaration
      in front of me now.
               MR. DRUZ: Okay, your Honor, thank you. If you turn
      to Exhibit 7 --
               THE COURT: I'm looking at it.
 7
               MR. DRUZ: So the first page looks like this, Judge,
 8
      and then the second page is the page I would like to direct
 9
      your attention to.
10
               In the right-hand column, this promotional material
11
      talks about Oliver Velez. And if you go down to the third
12
      paragraph, it starts off by saying that Mr. Velez is
13
      internationally known for founding and growing Pristine Capital
14
      Holdings. Pristine is also a registered service mark. You
15
      know, we have a global brand with Pristine Capital Holdings.
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16
      We don't disagree with Mr. Velez that he's internationally
      known, and if you continue in that paragraph, it says that he
17
      grew that company over the last twelve years into the country's
18
19
      premier educational institution for investors and self-directed
20
      retail traders. Again, we do not disagree with him.
21
      wholeheartedly agree.
22
               But then it starts to veer off a little bit. It says
23
      that as Pristine's chairman, and I don't mean to be repetitive,
24
      but Pristine is a registered service mark, and CEO for twelve
25
      years, he decided to turn his full attention to professional
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      trading area. Now, Judge, I don't know how much you want me to
      go into about the facts about this ancillary securities
 3
      industry, but --
               THE COURT: Now, I'm just waiting to hear the
      pertinent facts that you say support an application for
      emergency relief.
 7
               MR. DRUZ: Okay, I'm getting to them, Judge.
               THE COURT: Okay, well, we've been going at it for ten
      minutes. All right? Why don't you jump right to it?
10
               MR. DRUZ: All right. Judge --
11
               THE COURT: Let me jump right to it.
               MR. DRUZ: Yes.
12
13
               THE COURT: Isn't it the content that you claim is
14
      purportedly being misappropriated here?
15
               MR. DRUZ: Well, that's true, but that's not the
      purpose of this application. The purpose of this application
17
      is to show that Pristine, the registered mark, is being used to
18
      confuse the public in order to enable Mr. Velez and VCM --
19
               THE COURT: Okay, what other than Mr. Velez saying
20
      that he served as Pristine's chairman, what else is it that you
21
      say constitutes misappropriation of the Pristine mark? Because
22
      I could tell you right now I'm not persuaded by that one.
23
               MR. DRUZ: It's the -- within the content of this
24
      promotional material, it refers to Pristine as being an entity
25
      that does things that it does not do. And so the mark --
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               THE COURT: Wait. You've taken me to the third
      paragraph in the second column. You said something like you
 3 .
      agreed with the first two statements in that paragraph, but
      then told me it veered off.
 5
               MR. DRUZ: That's correct.
 6
               THE COURT: Well --
 7.
               MR. DRUZ: Because the Pristine mark, according to the
      registration with the Trademark Office, is only to be used in
 8
 9
      certain methods. With seminars, with DVD's that tape those
10
      seminars and with certain other publications and media, and
11
      what's happening here is Mr. Velez is indicating that the
12
      Pristine method, another registered mark of the company, and
13
      Pristine in particular, functions in a different way than what
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14

15

16

17

former chief executive of Pristine, and isn't that fair use?

THE COURT: Isn't he simply saying that he's the

MR. DRUZ: Well, your Honor, I guess I disagree with

the mark is going to prove.

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18
             Because I don't think it can be fair use --
               THE COURT: You don't think he can say -- he was the
19
20
      former CEO, right?
21
               MR. DRUZ: Agreed.
22
               THE COURT: You don't think he can say that?
23
               MR. DRUZ: I don't think he can say that he trained
24
      60,000 people in what appears --
25
               THE COURT: Where does he say that?
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      76JFPRIC
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               MR. DRUZ: Says that in the first paragraph. Says in
 2
      the first paragraph on the fifth line down.
               THE COURT: Right. How is that trademark
      infringement?
 5
               MR. DRUZ: If you go through and see where he refers
 6
      to books that he has written as it relates to those seminars
      and you go to those books, they, too, refer to pristine.com and
 8
      to the Pristine registered mark, but in fact, the 60,000
 9
      traders were not -- the 60,000 persons who were supposedly
10
      educated in those seminars under the Pristine method were not
11
      in fact educated in that manner. The number is incorrect. The
12
      process that was used is incorrect.
13
               THE COURT: How is that trademark infringement, which
14
      is the gravamen of your claim to come into this magnificent
15
      courthouse?
16
               MR. DRUZ: Your Honor, the word "Pristine," the mark
17
      "Pristine" has a certain quality that has become associated
      with it over time, and that when a trader in that trading
      community sees an adverse promotional material that says
19
      "Pristine" on it, he associates a level of honesty, he
20
21
      associates a variety of quality factors with it. This
22
      promotional material is completely inaccurate as to those
23
      qualities.
24
               THE COURT: Just explain to me how the defendants are
25
      using the same or similar mark to Pristine other than through
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      76JFPRIC
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      their fair use references that Velez, the defendant, was the
 2
      former CEO of Pristine.
 3
               MR. DRUZ: Admittedly, I can't get past your -- I'm
      not going to call it a ruling, but your assumption that it's
 5
      fair use.
               THE COURT: It's not a ruling. I'm asking about the
 7
      law. You're here alleging trademark infringement. Where is
      it?
 9
               MR. DRUZ: And I'm saying that every reference to
      Pristine that's made in here is an inaccurate one, and thereby
10
      diminishes the value of that mark.
11
12
               THE COURT: Where on this page does Velez use the term
13
      "the Pristine Method"?
14
               MR. DRUZ: He doesn't. He uses just the registered
15
     mark Pristine.
16
               THE COURT: Where does he use the registered mark
17
      Pristine?
18
               MR. DRUZ: He does not put the registered mark next to
19
      it, but he uses the word "Pristine" at the third paragraph and
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20
      again --
21
               THE COURT: Line 2?
22
               MR. DRUZ: Yes, Pristine Capital Holdings.
23
               THE COURT: He says that he's the former CEO of
24
      Pristine Capital Holdings. You think that that's trademark
25
      infringement?
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      76JFPRIC
 1
               MR. DRUZ: And there's another place, Judge.
 2
               THE COURT: You think that's trademark infringement?
 3
               MR. DRUZ: Where he refers to Pristine and he
      associates all of these, I'm going to call them negative
      services and negative -- negative for us in terms of the manner
      in which he's conducting his business, yes.
 6
               THE COURT: How is it negative? He's saying that he
 8
      founded and grew Pristine Capital into one of the company's
 9
      premier educational institutions. How is that negative?
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      Assuming that it's not fair use, which is an assumption that I
11
      think you can't make.
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               MR. DRUZ: It's negative in the totality of the
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      content of this promotional material, because it misstates what
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      it is that the Pristine -- what it is that Pristine does, it
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      misstates those things that are associated with that mark.
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               THE COURT: I thought the thrust of your complaint in
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      this case was that Mr. Velez took the Pristine method, slapped
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      a new name on it, called Trade for Life, and went out and is
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      marketing and selling Trade for Life.
20
               MR. DRUZ: Yes, that would go to some of the other
21
      claims, your Honor. I hadn't asserted that as part of this
22
      particular application.
23
               THE COURT: Okay. So let me just see if I have this.
24
      The only basis for you to be here in federal court is if you
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      have a federal trademark claim, right?
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               MR. DRUZ: Yes.
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               THE COURT: All right. Is there anything else to
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      support your federal trademark claim, other than the reference
      to Pristine Capital Holdings in the third paragraph of Exhibit
      7 and the statement that after serving as Pristine's chairman
      and CEO for twelve years, Mr. Velez decided to turn his full
 7
      attention to the professional trading arena?
 8
               MR. DRUZ: Yes, Judge. The references to the
 9
      seminars, which could only have occurred at Pristine, because
      Mr. Velez went from Pristine to VCM with no break and no other
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11
      employer, are inaccurate. And so they're violative of,
12
      (a) (1) (a) and (b). Section 1125(a) (1), subparagraphs (a) and
13
      (b).
14
               THE COURT: Forgive me if I'm not getting it,
      Mr. Druz, but in your memorandum of law at page 5, you say of
15
16
      Mr. Velez, quote, "He's likely seeing the same teacher,
17
      teaching the same program, using the same manual, only with a
      different cover!" Close quote. That's the customer confusion
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      that you describe in your memorandum of law, isn't it?
20
               MR. DRUZ: Yes, I did pick out that point, yes, sir.
21
               THE COURT: How is that trademark infringement?
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               MR. DRUZ: Well, I would not rely so much on that as I
23
      would on the attachment to the declaration, and where
24
      there's --
25
               THE COURT: We're back to Exhibit 7?
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MR. DRUZ: Yes, sir. Where there's comments like, "They proved how potent they are by providing a big score, high-octane trading style," that "this method, microtrading has the potential to serve as a solution to many of the world's social ills."

The whole tenor of this is now associated with the trademark Pristine, and it's a piece that's beyond puffery, so now people will associate this piece of advertising, the promotional piece, this highly deceptive one, with Pristine. Mr. Velez in this advertising material relies on his background with Pristine, and so there's a connection that's to be made between Velez Capital Management and Pristine that should not be made, but if you read through the totality of this promotional piece which attributes, has these wild claims with it, that is not a good thing for maintaining the strength of our mark.

It's associating our mark unwillingly with a --THE COURT: If Mr. Velez taught 60,000 people around the world how to day trade or whatever it is, why shouldn't he be able to say that?

MR. DRUZ: He should be able to say it, but he shouldn't infer that it was not with Pristine or that it was somehow with this competitive firm. He shouldn't pump up that product at the expense of Pristine. He's only been at --

THE COURT: How is that trademark infringement? SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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MR. DRUZ: Because my understanding of the statute, with particularly the section 1125(a)(1)(a) and (b), in commercial advertising and promotion misrepresenting the nature, characteristics, qualities or geographic origin of his or her or another person's goods, services or commercial activities, in this case the services, various names for which we've obtained service marks for.

THE COURT: Anything else?

MR. DRUZ: No, sir. Thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Lilling, do you want to be heard? MR. LILLING: Yes, just briefly, your Honor. I must tell you I read this complaint several times and I don't have a clue what his complaint is. This is the first time now I'm starting to get an inkling that he's not talking about trademark infringement or copyright infringement, but he's talking about false advertising.

Be that as it may, let me go through a couple of quick points. On this Exhibit 7, if you look at the first page, which he glossed over quickly --

THE COURT: Hold on.

MR. LILLING: You'll see that he has his new company name there pretty prominently, his personal name and his trademark Trade for Life. Now, I'll concede that if he had put

24 Pristine there, that would be a classic case of trademark 25 infringement.

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Now, as we get into the text, there are two versions of this document. This is the one that was circulated without Mr. Velez' consent and has a minor error in it, and it's different from the one that appears on his website. In particular, it's in the second column in the first paragraph, where it refers to the 60,000 traders, and it says, "His Trade for Life seminars and five-day" --

THE COURT: I see it.

MR. LILLING: That's the error, because it was not supposed to say his Trade for Life seminars, because under that name he didn't train 60,000 people. This was put out by somebody who put it out too quickly without him checking it. If you look at the same version on his website, you'll see that that language has been massaged so it doesn't refer to Trade for Life, but merely refers to the fact that Mr. Velez himself taught 60,000 people, which, as you had suggested, there's nothing wrong with that if in fact he did, and in point of fact, Mr. Velez taught approximately 60,000 people, whereas Pristine taught approximately 88,000. Though, of course, there is some overlap there.

I don't really have much more to say on the trademark infringement issue, because you said it better than me, that it's fair use. But I would like to mention on the ownership issue, I have here a copy of a printout from the New York State Department of State from yesterday which says that Pristine SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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Capital Management is an inactive company --

THE COURT: You don't have anything more recent than yesterday?

MR. LILLING: Sorry. I didn't find out about the case until yesterday morning. Mr. Velez thinks it went inactive in the year 2000, but -- oh, we do have something from today, your Honor. We went on the Patent Office website and for every single one of the registrations he cites, we have a printout from the Patent Office saying no assignment has been recorded. This has today's date on it, with a heading for the U.S. Patent Office. So I don't understand the comment that they're in the process of doing the paperwork, but I don't know that it really makes any difference, because there can't be trademark infringement unless the accused is using the alleged trademark in some way, shape or form, which we're not doing.

So, in fact, we don't even have an objection to an injunction on using the Pristine method because we don't use it. We never use it and we have no intention of using it. However, we do think we should be entitled to the fair use of saying that Mr. Velez previously worked at Pristine Capital Holdings, but that's not trademark use and there's no case that has ever held that as trademark use.

We also have the issue that if we read the first paragraph of his requested TRO, he's clearly asking for relief under the copyright law, because he's asking that materials not

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be distributed, and you'll notice how they only give you the first page of the two PowerPoint presentations. One of the reasons they did that is because they didn't want you to look at both of them, because if you took both of them and looked at them side by side, you'll find out that there's no similarities. But even still, your Honor, they don't have a copyright certificate, so we don't even get in the door on copyright.

THE COURT: They don't have a copyright claim in the complaint.

MR. LILLING: Well, they talk about taking the manuals. I mean, they don't refer to the copyright law, but if you look at paragraph 40, which is inartfully drafted, even though he's referring to a trademark statute, when I read that, it sounded to me more that he was complaining about our taking manuals and materials as opposed to improperly using the trademark. That's why I say I don't know if they're talking trademarks or copyrights.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. LILLING: And as far as the state causes of action, I don't think there's jurisdiction, because I don't think he has made out a prima facie case of any federal claim, so then there's no reason for the Court to be looking at the state causes of action.

THE COURT: All right.

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MR. LILLING: And that's really all we need.

THE COURT: Is there anything further, Mr. Druz?

MR. DRUZ: Yes, Judge, very briefly. I just don't
believe it would be fair to consider the ownership issue.

Mr. Lilling had discovered it and had the opportunity to make
me aware of it, I only found out about it 3:30 today, which
handcuffed me in terms of being able to show the ownership of
the trademark and service mark. That's all.

THE COURT: Okay. But you filed this action. One would think that as a matter of due diligence you would check to make sure that your client actually owns the trademark before you sue on it.

MR. DRUZ: Judge, in my own defense, the letters which were written to Pristine Capital Holdings that cover the documents from the Patent and Trademark Office are all addressed to Pristine Capital Holdings saying we have done what you asked us to do, so I don't think I made a terrible assumption. Harold Goldstein, the premier patent and trademark attorneys in Washington, would have made that mistake, but I have spoken to Pristine and they told me, and I have asked them before, that they do own these registered marks.

THE COURT: All right. There are a lot of issues here. Because there are a lot of issues here, it's clear to me that emergency relief is not warranted. Let's fix a schedule for briefing on this motion for preliminary injunction.

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                      First of all, do you want to amend your complaint?
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                      MR. DRUZ: I will want to, yes.
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                      THE COURT: And try to clean it up?
        4
                      MR. DRUZ: Yes, absolutely.
        5
                      THE COURT: Because it's a train wreck.
        6
                      MR. DRUZ: Okay.
        7
                      THE COURT: When are you going to file an amended
        8
             complaint?
        9
                      MR. DRUZ: Can I just check one second, please? Two
       10
             weeks?
       11
                      THE COURT: Whatever time you want.
       12
                      MR. DRUZ: I'd like 30 days.
       13
                      THE COURT: Take 30 days.
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                      MR. DRUZ: I'll take 30 days.
       15
                      THE COURT: You'll file an amended complaint. Since
       16
             you're going to file an amended complaint, do you want to
       17
             withdraw this motion and file a motion when you file your
       18
             amended complaint?
       19
                      MR. DRUZ: Yes.
       20
                      THE COURT: All right. This motion for preliminary
       21
             injunction is withdrawn. File an amended complaint and a
       22
             motion for a preliminary injunction if you decide that's what
       23
             you want to do 30 days from today. That is by July 19. How
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             much time do you want to respond to the motion?
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                      MR. LILLING: Your Honor, I'm scheduled for an
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             out-of-the-country business trip starting on the 26th, so I'm
             going to ask for a month from the 19th, otherwise, because I'll
            be gone for ten days.
                      THE COURT: August 17.
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                      MR. LILLING: Okay, August 17.
                      THE COURT: Any reply by August 27. And I'll hear
       7
            oral argument on August 31 at 10:30. I'll enter a scheduling
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            order to that effect. Is there anything further?
       9
                      MR. LILLING: Your Honor, in the concluding portion of
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            my letter today, I asked the question of whether we might be
       11
            entitled to attorneys fees before being required to work on an
       12
            expedited basis for answering what's clearly a frivolous and
      13
            unjustified request for a TRO. So I just leave that within the
      14
            Court's discretion.
      15
                     THE COURT: Well, you're about 4500 miles too far west
      16
            for that request.
      17
                     MR. LILLING: Okay. Thank you, your Honor.
      18
                      THE COURT: In Great Britain, they do it, but not
      19
            here.
      20
                     Mr. Druz, I think you better think through this case.
      21
            I will tell you viscerally, I'm not seeing any trademark
            infringement here. I see only fair use and at the end of the
      22
      23
            day, if there's no statutory basis to be here under the
      24
            trademark laws or some other federal statute, then you should
      25
            be pursuing your contract claims in the palace of justice
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      across the street, because otherwise you're just going to go
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      through a lot more motion practice here, and if you decide to
      simply withdraw this case here and proceed across the street on
 3
 4
      a contract claim, just file a Rule 41 notice of dismissal. You
 5
      might be saving a lot of effort on everybody's part. All
      right?
 7
               MR. DRUZ: Okay, Judge. I hear you loud and clear.
 8
               THE COURT: All right.
 9
               MR. DRUZ: Judge, I didn't want to be discourteous.
10
      Thank you for your courtesy yesterday in permitting me to go to
11
      my son's graduation instead of coming in here.
12
               THE COURT: Of course. All right, counsel, thank you
13
      very much.
14
               MR. LILLING: Thank you, your Honor.
15
               THE COURT: I hope your interns think we're operating
16
      on all cylinders, Mr. Lilling. Have a good evening.
17
               MR. LILLING: Thank you.
18
               (Adjourned)
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